

Monarch Wet Area Silicone Sealant - Transparent

Section 1: Identification: product identifier and chemical identity

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Monarch Wet Area Silicone Sealant - Transparent

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses:Bond and Sealant

1.3 Details of the supplier of the SDS

Supplier: Australian Brushware Corporation PTY LTD

Address: Level 1, 20 Council Street Hawthorn East Victoria Australia 3123

Tel: +61 3 9358 0688 **Fax:** +61 3 9358 0600

Email: info@austbrush.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Poisons Information Centre: Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 GHS Classification

Skin irritation:Category 2AEye irritation:Category 1Carcinogenicity:Category 2

2.2 GHS Labelling

Hazard pictograms:



Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statements:

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P270 No eating or smoking during operation.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Version: 2.0 Page 1 of 8



P302+P352 If on skin, wash with plenty of water.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/ attention.

P305+P351+P313 If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do and seek medical advice.

P301+P310+P330 If material is swallowed, wash mouth with water and obtain medical

attention immediately. Do not force the victim to vomit.

P304+P312+P340 If inhaled, remove the victim to fresh air, and obtain medical attention.

P410+P403 Keep away from direct sunlight, heat, and humidity.

P402+P404 Store in dry place. Store in closed container.

2.3 Other Harzards

No information available.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

3.1 Pure substance/mixture

Mixture

3.1 Substance information

Chemical Name	CAS	Classification	Weight%
Phenyl-tris(methylethylketoxime) silane	34036-80-1	Acute Tox. 5, H303; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Carc. 2, H351; STOT SE 3, H336; STOT RE 1, H372; Aquatic Acute 3, H402	0-10
Butan-2-one O,O',O"-(vinylsilylidyne) trioxime	2224-33-1	Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Carc. 2, H351; STOT SE 3, H336; STOT RE 1, H372; Aquatic Acute 3, H402	0-10

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice

immediately with this document, refer to following.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Get medical advice/attention if victim feel unwell.

In case of skin contact: Immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing

before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If

easy to do, remove contact lens. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly

with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Version: 2.0 Page 2 of 8



4.3 Protection of first-aiders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.

4.4 Notes to physician:

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Fire hazard: Not flammable.

Flash point: Above 90°C (Closed cup)

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, Alcohol-resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical

powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during Exposure to

fire-fighting:

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Irritating organic vapours may be formed.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances

and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to

do so. Evacuate area.

5.2 Protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal protection

Use personal protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental protection

Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the clean up of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for more information.

See section 8 for more information.

See section 13 for more information.

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Version: 2.0 Page 3 of 8



See section 15 for more information.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Local/Total ventilation

Use only with adequate ventilation.

7.2 Precautions for safe handling

Use only as directed on the label. Do not swallow and get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from water, fire, heat and oxide. Protect from moisture. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product.

7.3 Conditions for safe storage.

Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

7.4 Materials to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents, Organic peroxides, Acids, Foodstuffs, Explosives, Hot, Heat

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1 Components with workplace control parameters

No Further relevant information available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment:







Respiratory protection: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation

is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer

exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

Hand protection: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the

concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday.

Eye protection: Safety goggles.

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data

and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots,

etc).

Hygienic measures: Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close

to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Version: 2.0 Page 4 of 8



contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not inhale gases/fumes/aerosols.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Paste

Colour: Transparent

Odour: Slight
pH: 7

Melting point: N/A

Boiling point: N/A

Flash point: > 90°C

Flammability: N/A

Explosion area: N/A **Vapour pressure:** N/A

Relative vapour density: N/A

Density: 1.00g/ml **Solubility in water:** < 1 g/L

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing

Remark: These values are not intended for use in preparing specifications.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Material starts to cure in the presence of humid air or moisture.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition of product

During a fire this material may form carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and nitrogen oxide.

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 **Revision Date:** 24 May 2019 **Version:** 2.0 Page 5 of 8



ABCSDS006

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact, ingestion, and eye contact.

11.2 Potential health effects/symptoms

Inhalation: May cause cough, headache, sore throat, and passing out. Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Not expected to be harmful by ingestion.

11.3 Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Section 12: Ecological information

Not classified based on available information.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site

for recycling or disposal. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. If not

otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

ADR: Not regulated as a dangerous good. **UNRTDG:** Not regulated as a dangerous good. IATA-DGR: Not regulated as a dangerous good. IMDG-Code: Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Section 16: Other information

16.1 Revision Information

Date of the previous revision: 22 July 2016 Date of this revision: 24 May 2019

Revision summary: Brand revision and document styling

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Version: 2.0 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Page 6 of 8



6.2 Full text of H-Statements

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

16.3 Full text of other abbreviations

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland

Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ASTM American Industrial Hygiene Association
ASTM American Society for the Testing of Materials

ATE acute toxicity estimate

bw Body weightCEIL Ceiling

CMRG Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
CMR Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
DIN Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation

DSL Domestic Substances List (Canada)

ECx Concentration associated with x% response

Loading rate associated with x% response

EmS Emergency Schedule

ENCS Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)

ErCx Concentration associated with x% growth rate response

GLP Globally Harmonized System
GLP Good Laboratory Practice

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk

IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
IMO International Maritime Organization

ISHL Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
ISO International Organisation for Standardization

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population

LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

n.o.s. Not Otherwise Specified

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Version: 2.0 Page 7 of 8



NO(A)EC No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration

NO(A)EL No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate
NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

OSHA United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

OPPTS Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance

PICCS Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(Q)SAR (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship

REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (United States)

TWA Time Weighted Average

UN United Nations

UNRTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

16.4 Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Issue Date: 28 March 2016 Revision Date: 24 May 2019 Version: 2.0 Page 8 of 8